

UNITED STATES
SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION
Washington, D.C. 20549



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ANNUAL AUDITED REPORT
FORM X-17A-5
PART III

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Information Required of Brokers and Dealers Pursuant to Section 17 of the
Securities Exchange Act of 1934 and Rule 17a-5 Thereunder

REPORT FOR THE PERIOD BEGINNING January 1, 2009 ENDING December 31, 2009

A. REGISTRANT IDENTIFICATION

NAME OF BROKER-DEALER:

Axis Thought Capital, LLC

OFFICIAL USE ONLY

FIRM ID. NO.

ADDRESS OF PRINCIPAL PLACE OF BUSINESS: (Do not use P.O. Box No.)

708 Third Avenue, 5TH Floor

New York (City) NY (State) 10017 (Zip Code)

NAME AND TELEPHONE NUMBER OF PERSON TO CONTACT IN REGARD TO THIS REPORT

Laura Crosby-Brown 603-216-8918
(Area Code - Telephone No.)

B. ACCOUNTANT IDENTIFICATION

INDEPENDENT PUBLIC ACCOUNTANT whose opinion is contained in this Report*

Lilling & Company LLP

10 Cutter Mill Road Great Neck NY 11021
(Address) (City) (State) (Zip Code)

CHECK ONE

- ☒ Certified Public Accountant
☐ Public Accountant
☐ Accountant not resident in United States or any of its possessions.

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* Claims for exemption from the requirement that the annual report be covered by the opinion of an independent public accountant must be supported by a statement of facts and circumstances relied on as the exemption. See section 240.17a-5(e)(2).

Sec 1410 (3-91)

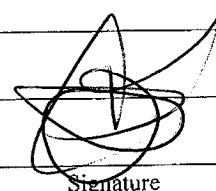
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OATH OR AFFIRMATION

I, Craig Seitel swear (or affirm) that, to the best of my knowledge and belief the accompanying financial statement and supporting schedules pertaining to the firm of

Axis Thought Capital, LLC, as of

December 31, 2009, are true and correct. I further swear (or affirm) that neither the company nor any partner, proprietor, principal officer or director has any proprietary interest in any account classified solely as that of a customer, except as follows:



Signature

CEO

Title

Lisa P. Cavanaugh

Notary Public

LISA P. CAVANAUGH
NOTARY PUBLIC, State of New York
No. 02CA8072778
Qualified in New York County
Commission Expires Feb. 10, 2011

This Report ** contains (check all applicable boxes):

- ☒ (a) Facing Page
- ☒ (b) Statement of Financial Condition.
- ☒ (c) Statement of Income (Loss)
- ☒ (d) Statement of Cash Flows.
- ☒ (e) Statement of Changes in Stockholders' Equity or Partners' or Sole Proprietor's Capital.
- ☐ (f) Statement of Changes in Liabilities Subordinated to Claims of Creditors.
- ☒ (g) Computation of Net Capital.
- ☐ (h) Computation for Determination of Reserve Requirements Pursuant to Rule 15c3-3.
- ☐ (i) Information Relating to the Possession or control Requirements Under Rule 15c3-3.
- ☐ (j) A Reconciliation, including appropriate explanation, of the Computation of Net Capital Under Rule 15c3-1 and the computation for Determination of the Reserve Requirements Under Exhibit A of Rule 15c3-3.
- ☐ (k) A Reconciliation between the audited and unaudited Statements of Financial Condition with respect to methods of Consolidation.
- ☒ (l) An Oath or Affirmation.
- ☐ (m) A copy of the SIPC Supplemental Report.
- ☐ (n) A report describing any material inadequacies found to exist or found to have existed since the date of the previous audit.
- ☒ (o) A report on internal control.

** For conditions of confidential treatment of certain portions of this filing, see section 240.17a-5(e)(3).

AXIS THOUGHT CAPITAL, LLC

***REPORT ON AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
AND SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION***

REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL

DECEMBER 31, 2009

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Lilling & Company LLP

Certified Public Accountants

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Member of
Axis Thought Capital, LLC
New York, New York

We have audited the accompanying statement of financial condition of Axis Thought Capital, LLC as of December 31, 2009, and the related statements of operations, changes in member's equity and cash flows for the period from December 1, 2008 to December 31, 2009 that you are filing pursuant to rule 17a-5 under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934. These financial statements are the responsibility of the Company's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes consideration of internal control over financial reporting as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Company's internal control over financial reporting. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements, assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of Axis Thought Capital, LLC at December 31, 2009, and the results of its operations and its cash flows for the period from December 1, 2008 to December 31, 2009 in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States.

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming an opinion on the basic financial statements taken as a whole. The information contained in Schedule 1 is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the basic financial statements, but is supplementary information required by Rule 17a-5 under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934. This schedule is the responsibility of the Company's management. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, in our opinion, is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole.



CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

*Great Neck, New York
February 24, 2010*

Ten Cutter Mill Road, Great Neck, NY 11021-3201 • (516) 829-1099 • Fax (516) 829-1065

AXIS THOUGHT CAPITAL, LLC

STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL CONDITION
DECEMBER 31, 2009

ASSETS

Cash	\$ 140,600
Cash - certificate of deposit	100,000
Prepaid expenses	33,006
Property and equipment, net of accumulated depreciation of \$2,190	2,310
Other assets	<u>6,786</u>
	<u>\$ 282,702</u>

LIABILITIES AND MEMBER'S EQUITY

<i>Liabilities</i>	\$ -
 <i>MEMBER'S EQUITY</i>	 <u>282,702</u>
	<u>\$ 282,702</u>

See notes to financial statements

AXIS THOUGHT CAPITAL, LLC

STATEMENT OF OPERATIONS

PERIOD FROM DECEMBER 1, 2008 TO DECEMBER 31, 2009

REVENUES

Commissions	\$ 112,844
Interest and other income	<u>840</u>
	<u>113,684</u>

EXPENSES

Commissions	13,467
Professional fees	79,237
Occupancy	22,793
Administrative services	39,000
Other expenses	<u>55,215</u>
	<u>209,712</u>

NET LOSS	<u><u>\$ (96,028)</u></u>
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See notes to financial statements

AXIS THOUGHT CAPITAL, LLC

STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS

PERIOD FROM DECEMBER 1, 2008 TO DECEMBER 31, 2009

Cash flows from operating activities

Net loss	\$ (96,028)
Adjustments to reconcile net loss to net cash used in operating activities:	
Depreciation	2,190
(Increase) decrease in assets:	
Cash - certificate of deposit	(100,000)
Prepaid expenses	(33,006)
Other assets	(6,786)
Total adjustments	(137,602)
<i>Net cash used in operating activities</i>	<u>(233,630)</u>

Cash flows from investing activities

Cash paid for office equipment	(4,500)
<i>Net cash used in investing activities</i>	<u>(4,500)</u>

Cash flows from financing activities

Capital contributions	162,650
<i>Net cash provided by financing activities</i>	<u>162,650</u>

NET CHANGE IN CASH (75,480)

CASH - BEGINNING 216,080

CASH - END \$ 140,600

Supplemental disclosures of cash flow information:

Cash paid during the year for:

Interest expense	\$ -
Income taxes	<u>\$ -</u>

See notes to financial statements

AXIS THOUGHT CAPITAL, LLC

STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN MEMBER'S EQUITY
PERIOD FROM DECEMBER 1, 2008 TO DECEMBER 31, 2009

<i>Balance - beginning</i>	\$ 216,080
<i>Capital contributions</i>	162,650
<i>Net loss</i>	<u>(96,028)</u>
<i>Balance - end</i>	<u><u>\$ 282,702</u></u>

See notes to financial statements

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
DECEMBER 31, 2009

1. ORGANIZATION AND NATURE OF BUSINESS

Axis Thought Capital, LLC (the "Company") is a broker-dealer registered with the Financial Industry Regulatory Authority (FINRA) and the Securities and Exchange Commission (SEC). The Company had no liabilities subordinated to claims of general creditors during the year ended December 31, 2009. The Company's primary business is the purchase of variable and non-variable life insurance policies on behalf of institutional investors.

2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Accounting Standards Codification

The Financial Accounting Standards Board ("FASB") has issued FASB Statement No. 168, *The FASB Accounting Standards Codification and the Hierarchy of Generally Accepted Accounting Principles*, effective for periods ending after September 15, 2009. This Statement establishes the FASB Accounting Standards Codification ("ASC") as the single source of authoritative United States generally accepted accounting and reporting standards for nongovernmental entities, in addition to guidance issued by the SEC and these financial statements are referenced accordingly.

Revenue Recognition

Commissions earned on transactions are recorded at the time the contract is completed.

Valuation of Investments

FASB ASC 820 defines fair value, establishes a framework for measuring fair value, and establishes a fair value hierarchy which prioritizes the inputs to valuation techniques. Fair value is the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date. A fair value measurement assumes that the transaction to sell the asset or transfer the liability occurs in the principal market for the asset or liability or, in the absence of a principal market, the most advantageous market. Valuation techniques that are consistent with the market, income or cost approach, as specified by FASB ASC 820, are used to measure fair value.

The fair value hierarchy prioritizes the inputs to valuation techniques used to measure fair value into three broad levels:

Level 1- inputs are quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities that the Company has the ability to access.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
DECEMBER 31, 2009

Level 2- inputs are inputs (other than quoted prices included within level 1) that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly or indirectly.

Level 3- are unobservable inputs for the asset or liability and rely on management's own assumptions about the assumptions that market participants would use in pricing the asset or liability. (The unobservable inputs should be developed based on the best information available in the circumstances and may include the Company's own data.)

Significant Credit Risk

Financial instruments that potentially subject the Company to credit risk consist primarily of cash. The Company maintains cash with commercial banks and other major institutions. At times, such amounts exceeded Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation limits.

Use of Estimates in Preparation of Financial Statements

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States requires management of the Company to use estimates and assumptions that affect certain reported amounts and disclosures. Accordingly, actual results could differ from those estimates.

Income taxes

The Company is single-member limited liability company and is considered a disregarded entity for income tax purposes. All items of income or loss are reported by its sole-member. No provision has been made for federal and state income taxes, since these taxes are the responsibility of the member.

In accordance with ASC 740, *Income Taxes*, the Company is required to disclose unrecognized tax benefits resulting from uncertain tax positions. At December 31, 2009, the Company did not have any unrecognized tax benefits or liabilities. The Company operates in the United States and in state and local jurisdictions, and the previous three years remain subject to examination by tax authorities. There are presently no ongoing income tax examinations.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
DECEMBER 31, 2009

3. FAIR VALUE MEASUREMENT

The following table presents the Company's fair value hierarchy for those assets and liabilities measured at fair value on a recurring basis as of December 31, 2009:

	<u>Level 1</u>	<u>Level 2</u>	<u>Level 3</u>	<u>Total</u>
Assets				
Certificate of Deposit	\$ <u>-</u>	\$ <u>-</u>	<u>\$100,000</u>	<u>\$100,000</u>

4. RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

The Company has entered into an agreement with a related party to provide administrative services. These services totaled to \$39,000 for the period ended December 31, 2009.

5. COMPUTATION FOR DETERMINATION OF RESERVE REQUIREMENTS FOR BROKERS AND DEALERS PURSUANT TO RULE 15c3-3

The Company is exempt from the provisions of Rule 15c3-3 under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, in that the Company's activities are limited to those set forth in the conditions for exemption appearing in paragraph (k) (2) (i) of the Rule. The Company is not subject to the Securities Investor Protection Corporation (SIPC) assessment.

6. NET CAPITAL REQUIREMENTS

The Company is subject to the Securities and Exchange Commission Uniform Net Capital Rule (Rule 15c-3-1), which requires the maintenance of minimum net capital and requires that the ratio of aggregate indebtedness to net capital, both as defined, shall not exceed 15 to 1 (and that equity capital may not be withdrawn or cash dividends paid if the resulting net capital ratio would exceed 10 to 1). At December 31, 2009, the Company had net capital of \$140,600 which was \$135,600 in excess of its required net capital of \$ 5,000. The Company had a percentage of aggregate indebtedness to net capital of 0% as of December 31, 2009.

7. SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

In preparing the accompanying financial statements, the Company has reviewed events that have occurred after December 31, 2009, through the date of issuance of these financial statements on February 19, 2010. During this period, the Company no material subsequent events occurred that are required to be disclosed in the financial statements.

***SUPPLEMENTAL INFORMATION
PURSUANT TO RULE 17a-5 OF THE
SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934***

AS OF DECEMBER 31, 2009

**COMPUTATION OF NET CAPITAL UNDER RULE 15c-3-1
OF THE SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION
DECEMBER 31, 2009**

NET CAPITAL

Members' equity	\$ 282,702
Deductions and/or charges	
Non-allowable assets	<u>142,102</u>
Net capital before haircuts on securities positions	140,600
Haircuts and undue concentration	<u>-</u>

NET CAPITAL \$ 140,600

AGGREGATE INDEBTEDNESS \$ -

MINIMUM NET CAPITAL REQUIRED \$ 5,000

EXCESS OF NET CAPITAL OVER MINIMUM REQUIREMENTS \$ 135,600

**PERCENTAGE OF AGGREGATE INDEBTEDNESS
TO NET CAPITAL** 0%

Statement Pursuant to Paragraph (d)(4) of Rule 17a-5:

There were no material differences with respect to the computation of net capital calculated above and the Company's computation included in Part IIA of Form X-17a-5 as of December 31, 2009.

Lilling & Company LLP

Certified Public Accountants

***INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL REQUIRED BY SEC RULE
17a-5 FOR A BROKER- DEALER CLAIMING AN EXEMPTION FROM SEC RULE 15c3-3***

To the Member of
Axis Thought Capital, LLC
New York, New York

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements of Axis Thought Capital, LLC (the Company), as of and for the period December 1, 2008 to December 31, 2009 in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States, we considered the Company's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Company's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Company's internal control.

Also, as required by Rule 17a-5(g)(1) of the Securities and Exchange Commission (SEC), we have made a study of the practices and procedures followed by the Company including consideration of control activities for safeguarding securities. This study included tests of such practices and procedures that we considered relevant to the objectives stated in Rule 17a-5(g) in making the periodic computations of aggregate indebtedness (or aggregate debits) and net capital under rule 17a-3(a)(11) and for determining compliance with the exemptive provisions of Rule 15c3-3. Because the Company does not carry securities accounts for customers or perform custodial functions relating to customer securities, we did not review the practices and procedures followed by the Company in any of the following:

1. Making quarterly securities examinations, counts, verifications, and comparisons and recordation of differences required by rule 17a-13
2. Complying with the requirements for prompt payment for securities under Section 8 of Federal Reserve Regulation T of the Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System

The management of the Company is responsible for establishing and maintaining internal control and the practices and procedures referred to in the preceding paragraph. In fulfilling this responsibility, estimates and judgments by management are required to assess the expected benefits and related costs of controls and of the practices and procedures referred to in the preceding paragraph and to assess whether those practices and procedures can be expected to achieve the SEC's above-mentioned objectives. Two of the objectives of internal control and the practices and procedures are to provide management with reasonable but not absolute assurance that assets for which the Company has responsibility are safeguarded against loss from unauthorized use or disposition and that transactions are executed in accordance with management's authorization and recorded properly to permit the preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles. Rule 17a-5(g) lists additional objectives of the practices and procedures listed in the preceding paragraph.

Because of inherent limitations in internal control and the practices and procedures referred to above, error or fraud may occur and not be detected. Also, projection of any evaluation of them to future periods is subject to the risk that they may become inadequate because of changes in conditions or that the effectiveness of their design and operation may deteriorate.

A *control deficiency* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent or detect misstatements on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the company's financial statements will not be prevented or detected and corrected on a timely basis.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first and second paragraphs and would not necessarily identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control and control activities for safeguarding securities that we consider to be material weaknesses, as defined above.

We understand that practices and procedures that accomplish the objectives referred to in the second paragraph of this report are considered by the SEC to be adequate for its purposes in accordance with the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 and related regulations, and that practices and procedures that do not accomplish such objectives in all material respects indicate a material inadequacy for such purposes. Based on this understanding and on our study, we believe that the Company's practices and procedures, as described in the second paragraph of this report, were adequate at December 31, 2009, to meet the SEC's objectives.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of management, the SEC, FINRA, and other regulatory agencies that rely on Rule 17a-5(g) under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 in their regulation of registered brokers and dealers, and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.



CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS
Great Neck, New York

February 24, 2010